

You should be able to . . .

- Solve a related rates problem.

**Related Rates Guidelines**

1. Draw a picture and label the constants & variables.
2. Identify what you are asked to find.
3. Write an equation that relates the variables.
4. Differentiate with respect to  $t$ .
5. Interpret your answer and include units.

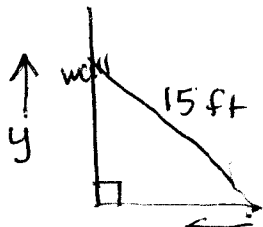
Ex 1) Air is being pumped into a spherical balloon at a rate of  $5 \text{ cm}^3/\text{min}$ . Determine the rate at which the radius of the balloon is increasing when the diameter of the balloon is  $20 \text{ cm}$ .

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 5 \text{ cm}^3/\text{min} \quad \text{Find } \frac{dr}{dt} \text{ when } d = 20 \text{ cm.} \rightarrow r = 10 \text{ cm}$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3 \quad 5 = \frac{4}{3} \pi \cdot 3 (10)^2 \cdot \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{4}{3} \pi \cdot 3r^2 \frac{dr}{dt} \quad 5 = 400\pi \cdot \frac{dr}{dt} \quad \frac{dr}{dt} = \frac{5}{400\pi} = \boxed{\frac{1}{80\pi} \text{ cm/min}}$$

Ex 2) A  $15 \text{ ft}$  ladder is resting against the wall. The bottom is initially  $10 \text{ ft}$  away from the wall and is being pushed towards the wall at a rate of  $\frac{1}{4} \text{ ft/sec}$ . How fast is the top of the ladder moving up the wall  $12 \text{ seconds}$  after we start pushing?



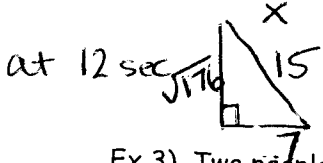
$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -\frac{1}{4} \text{ ft/sec}$$

Find  $\frac{dy}{dt}$  when  $t = 12 \text{ sec}$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 15^2$$

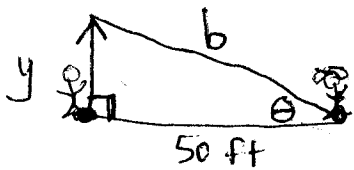
$$2x \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

$$\frac{2y \frac{dy}{dt}}{2y} = -\frac{2x \frac{dx}{dt}}{2y}$$



$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{-(7)(-\frac{1}{4})}{\sqrt{176}} = \boxed{.132 \text{ ft/sec}}$$

Ex 3) Two people are  $50 \text{ ft}$  apart. One of them starts walking north at a rate so that the angle is changing at a constant rate of  $0.01 \text{ rad/min}$ . At what rate is the distance between the two people changing when  $\theta = 0.5 \text{ radians}$ ?



$$\frac{d\theta}{dt} = 0.01 \text{ rad/min}$$

Find  $\frac{db}{dt}$  when  $\theta = 0.5 \text{ rad}$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{50}{b} = 50b^{-1}$$

$$-\sin \theta \cdot \frac{d\theta}{dt} = -50b^{-2} \cdot \frac{db}{dt}$$

$$-\sin(0.5)(0.01) = \frac{-50 \frac{db}{dt}}{(50.98)^2}$$

$$\frac{db}{dt} = .311 \text{ ft/min}$$

$$\cos(.5) = \frac{50}{b}$$

$$b = \frac{50}{\cos(.5)}$$

