

# Logarithmic Differentiation

1.  $y = x^{\frac{1}{x}}$   
 $\ln y = \frac{1}{x} \ln x$   
 $\frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x} \cdot \frac{1}{x} + \ln x \cdot \frac{-1}{x^2}$   
 $\frac{dy}{dx} = y \left( \frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{\ln x}{x^2} \right)$   
 $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^{\frac{1}{x}} \left( \frac{1 - \ln x}{x^2} \right)$

2.  $y = (\sin x)^x$   
 $\ln y = x \ln(\sin x)$   
 $\frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} = x \cdot \frac{1}{\sin x} \cdot \cos x + \ln(\sin x) \cdot 1$   
 $\frac{dy}{dx} = y \left( x \cot x + \ln(\sin x) \right)$   
 $\frac{dy}{dx} = (\sin x)^x \left( x \cot x + \ln(\sin x) \right)$

3.  $y = x^{\ln x}$   
 $\ln y = \ln x \cdot \ln x$   
 $\frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} = \ln x \left( \frac{1}{x} \right) + \ln x \left( \frac{1}{x} \right)$   
 $\frac{dy}{dx} = y \left( \frac{\ln x}{x} + \frac{\ln x}{x} \right)$   
 $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^{\ln x} \left( \frac{2 \ln x}{x} \right)$

4.  $y = (\ln x)^{\cos x}$   
 $\ln y = \cos x \ln(\ln x)$   
 $\frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} = \cos x \cdot \frac{1}{\ln x} \cdot \frac{1}{x} + \ln(\ln x) \cdot (-\sin x)$   
 $\frac{dy}{dx} = y \left( \frac{\cos x}{x \ln x} - \ln(\ln x) \cdot \sin x \right) = (\ln x)^{\cos x} \left( \frac{\cos x}{x \ln x} - \ln(\ln x) \cdot \sin x \right)$

$$5. y = x^x$$

$$\ln y = x \ln x$$

$$\frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} = x \cdot \frac{1}{x} + \ln x \cdot 1$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y (1 + \ln x) = x^x (1 + \ln x)$$

$$6. y = (\ln x)^x$$

$$\ln y = x \cdot \ln(\ln x)$$

$$\frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} = x \cdot \frac{1}{\ln x} \cdot \frac{1}{x} + \ln(\ln x) \cdot 1$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y \left( \frac{1}{\ln x} + \ln(\ln x) \right)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (\ln x)^x \left( \frac{1}{\ln x} + \ln(\ln x) \right)$$

$$7. y = (2x+1)^5 (x^4-3)^6$$

$$\ln y = 5 \ln(2x+1) + 6 \ln(x^4-3)$$

$$\frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} = 5 \cdot \frac{1}{2x+1} \cdot 2 + 6 \cdot \frac{1}{x^4-3} \cdot 4x^3$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y \left( \frac{10}{2x+1} + \frac{24x^3}{x^4-3} \right)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (2x+1)^5 (x^4-3)^6 \left( \frac{10}{2x+1} + \frac{24x^3}{x^4-3} \right)$$

$$8. f(x) = \sqrt[4]{\frac{x^2+1}{x^2-1}}$$

$$\ln y = \frac{1}{4} [\ln(x^2+1) - \ln(x^2-1)]$$

$$\frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{4} \left[ \frac{1}{x^2+1} \cdot 2x - \frac{1}{x^2-1} \cdot 2x \right]$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y \cdot \frac{1}{4} \left[ \frac{2x}{x^2+1} - \frac{2x}{x^2-1} \right] = \sqrt[4]{\frac{x^2+1}{x^2-1}} \left[ \frac{x}{2(x^2+1)} - \frac{x}{2(x^2-1)} \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{-2x}{x^3-x-x^3-x} \\ & \frac{x(x^2-1) - x(x^2+1)}{2(x^2+1)(x^2-1)} \end{aligned}$$