1. Find a general solution for 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 5e^{-x/2}$$
.  $y = -10e^{-\frac{x}{2}} + C$ 

- 2.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + 2y$ . Using Euler's method, starting at (-3, 2) with step size  $\Delta x = 0.5$ , what is the approximate value of y(-2)?
- 3. The rate of change of N is proportional to N. When t = 0, N = 250 and when t = 1, N = 400. What is the value of N when t = 4?

4. Find an equation for y in terms of x:

5. 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 5x^2y$$
;  $y(0) = 6$   $y = 6e^{\frac{5}{3}X^3}$ 

6. 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{y + x^2 y}$$
;  $y(0) = 2$   $y = \sqrt{2 + an'(x) + 4}$ 

7. 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\sin x}{\cos y}$$
;  $y(0) = 3\pi/2$   $y = \arcsin\left(-\cos x\right)$ 

8. A colony of bacteria grows exponentially and the colony's population is 4,000 at time t=0 and 6,500 at time t=3. How big is the population at time t=10?

9. A rock is thrown upward with an initial velocity, v(t), of 18 m/s from a height, h(t), of 45 m. If the acceleration of the rock is a constant -9 m/s², find the height of the rock at time t = 4.

## Review: Differential Equations

10. The rate of growth of the volume of a sphere is proportional to its volume. If the volume of the sphere is initially  $36\pi$  ft<sup>3</sup>, and expands to  $90\pi$  ft<sup>3</sup> after 1 sec, find the volume of the sphere after 3 seconds.

1767.146 ft3

11. Use Euler's Method, with h=0.2, to estimate y(1) if y'=-y and y(0)=1.

0.328

12. Sketch the slope field for dy/dx = 2x

