

Practice With Inverse Trig Functions

Find the exact value of the expression whenever it is defined.

1. a. $\sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$

$$\frac{-\pi}{4}$$
 b. $\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$

$$\frac{2\pi}{3}$$
 c. $\tan^{-1}(-\sqrt{3})$

$$-\frac{\pi}{3}$$

2. a. $\sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$

$$-\frac{\pi}{6}$$
 b. $\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$

$$\frac{3\pi}{4}$$
 c. $\tan^{-1}(-1)$

$$-\frac{\pi}{4}$$

3. a. $\arcsin \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$$\frac{\pi}{3}$$
 b. $\arccos \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

$$\frac{\pi}{4}$$
 c. $\arctan \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ $\rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

$$\frac{\pi}{6}$$

4. a. $\arcsin 0$

$$0$$
 b. $\arccos(-1)$

$$\pi$$
 c. $\arctan 0$

$$0$$

5. a. $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$

$$\text{undefined}$$
 b. $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$

$$\text{undefined}$$
 c. $\tan^{-1}(1)$

$$\frac{\pi}{4}$$

6. a. $\arcsin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$

$$\text{undefined}$$
 b. $\arccos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$

$$\text{undefined}$$
 c. $\arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)$

$$-\frac{\pi}{6}$$

7. a. $\sin\left[\arcsin\left(-\frac{3}{10}\right)\right]$

$$-\frac{3}{10}$$
 b. $\cos\left[\arccos\frac{1}{2}\right]$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 c. $\tan(\arctan 14)$

$$14$$

8. a. $\sin\left(\sin^{-1}\frac{2}{3}\right)$

$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 b. $\cos\left[\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)\right]$

$$-\frac{1}{5}$$
 c. $\tan\left[\tan^{-1}(-9)\right]$

$$-9$$

9. a. $\sin^{-1}\left(\sin\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$
 $\frac{\pi}{3}$
 b. $\cos^{-1}\left[\cos\left(\frac{5\pi}{6}\right)\right]$
 $\frac{5\pi}{6}$
 c. $\tan^{-1}\left[\tan\left(-\frac{\pi}{6}\right)\right]$
 $-\frac{\pi}{6}$
10. a. $\arcsin\left[\sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right]$
 $\arcsin(-1) = -\frac{\pi}{2}$
 b. $\arccos(\cos 0)$
 $\arccos(1) = 0$
 c. $\arctan\left(\tan\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$
 $\arctan(1) = \frac{\pi}{4}$
11. a. $\arcsin\left(\sin\frac{5\pi}{4}\right)$
 $-\frac{\pi}{4}$
 b. $\arccos\left(\cos\frac{5\pi}{4}\right)$
 $\frac{3\pi}{4}$
 c. $\arctan\left(\tan\frac{7\pi}{4}\right)$
 $-\frac{\pi}{4}$
12. a. $\sin^{-1}\left(\sin\frac{2\pi}{3}\right)$
 $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) = \frac{\pi}{3}$
 b. $\cos^{-1}\left(\cos\frac{4\pi}{3}\right)$
 $\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{2\pi}{3}$
 c. $\tan^{-1}\left(\tan\frac{7\pi}{6}\right)$
 $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) = \frac{\pi}{6}$
13. a. $\sin\left[\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)\right]$
 $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
 b. $\cos(\tan^{-1} 1)$
 $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$
 c. $\tan\left[\sin^{-1}(-1)\right]$
 undefined
14. a. $\sin\left[\tan^{-1}\sqrt{3}\right]$
 $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
 b. $\cos\left[\sin^{-1} 1\right]$
 0
 c. $\tan(\cos^{-1} 0)$
 undefined
15. a. $\cot\left(\sin^{-1}\frac{2}{3}\right)$
 $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$

 b. $\sec\left[\tan^{-1}\left(-\frac{3}{5}\right)\right]$
 $\frac{\sqrt{34}}{5}$

 c. $\csc\left[\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)\right]$
 $\frac{4\sqrt{15}}{15}$
16. a. $\cot\left[\sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{2}{5}\right)\right]$
 $-\frac{\sqrt{21}}{2}$

 b. $\sec\left[\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)\right]$
 $\frac{\sqrt{65}}{4}$

 c. $\csc\left[\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)\right]$
 $\frac{5}{2\sqrt{6}}$